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Fibers for mode multiplexing

Lars Grüner-Nielsen
OFS Denmark

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OFS, Norcross, GA

Yi Sun, Robert Lingle Jr, David Peckham, and Allan McCurdy

OFS Laboratories, Somerset, Nj

Jeffrey W. Nicholson

OFS Denmark

Rasmus Jensen, Dan Jakobsen, Kim Jespersen, and Bera Pálsdóttir

Collaborators in ModeGap project

Collaborators at Alcatel Lucent

Outline



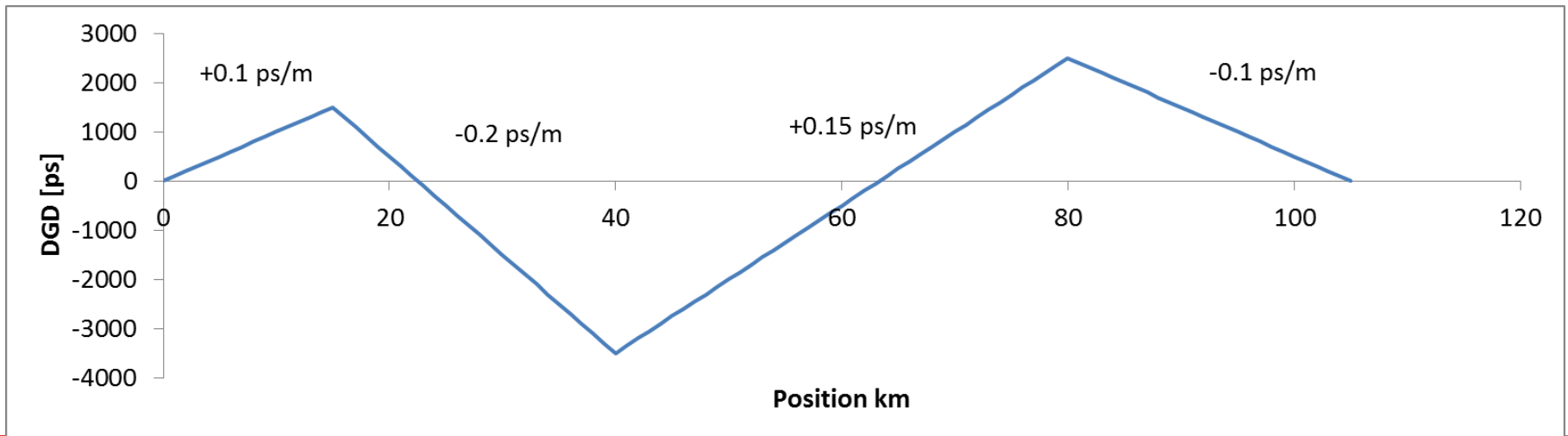
- **Requirements**
- **Examples made fibers**
- **Fiber characterization**

Requirements few mode fiber for mode division multiplexing

| Property | Requirement | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Differential mode delay | Low | Systems with MIMO |
| | Not so important | Systems without MIMO |
| Mode coupling | Low to high | Systems with MIMO |
| | Low | Systems without MIMO |
| Splicing | Low splice loss Low cross coupling | |
| Attenuation | Low all modes | |
| Effective area | Large | |
| Dispersion | Large | |

Requirements for Differential Mode Delay (DMD) of few mode fibers in MIMO based systems

- **DMD can be compensated by combining fibers with positive and negative DMD.**
- **Local accumulated DGD not too high**
 - ❖ To minimize width of plateau in impulse response
 - *R. Ryf et al., ECOC, 12, Tu.1.C.1*
- **Local DMD not too low**
 - ❖ to suppress intermodal nonlinearities
 - *R.-J. Essiambre et al., ECOC, 12, Tu.1.C.4*



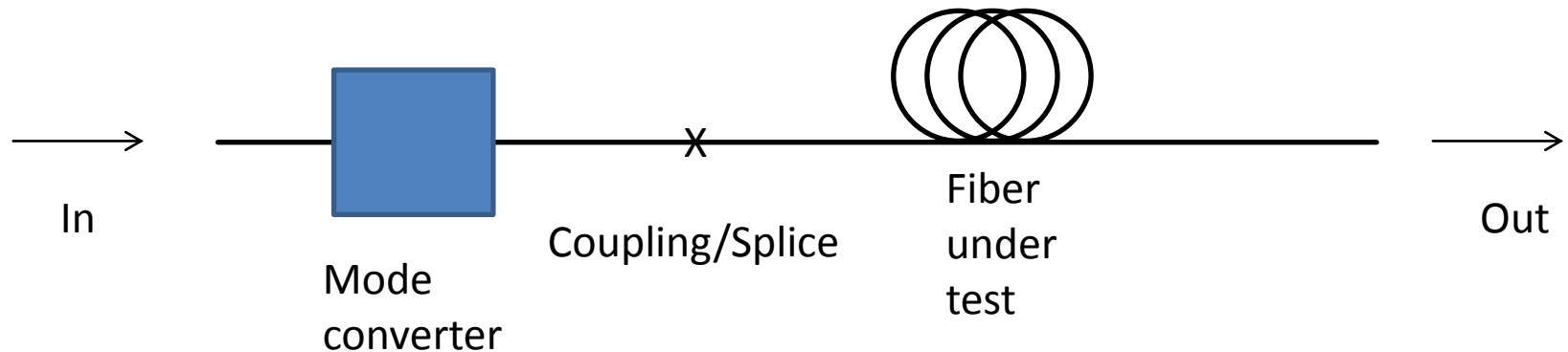
Fiber designs for few mode fibers

- **Step index fibers**
 - ❖ High DGD
- **Step index fibers with additional depressed cladding**
 - ❖ Low DGD possible for fibers supporting two LP modes
- **Graded index fibers**
 - ❖ Low DGD possible for few to many modes
 - ❖ Optional with a trench

Some selected reported results

| Fiber design | No. of LP modes | DMD | Aeff | Atten. | Producer | Reference |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|--------|----------|----------------------------|
| | | ps/m | μm^2 | dB/km | | |
| SI | 4 | +4.4 to +8.9 | 120 - 130 | 0.22 | Prysmian | ECOC'11 Tu.5.LeCervin.7 |
| Two layer SI | 2 | -0.4 and +0.4 | | < 0.30 | NTT | OFC'12 OM2D.1 |
| GI | 2 | ~0 | 150-200 | 0.196 | Fujikura | OE'13 pp. 16231 |
| GI | 2 | -0.12 to +0.12 | 170-240 | | Corning | OECC'12 5C3-2 |
| SI+Trench | 2 | +0.05 | 160 | 0.205 | OFS | OFC'11 PDPB10 |
| SI | 2 | 2.3 | 160-210 | 0.186 | OFS | OFC'12 OTh3I.4 |
| GI+Trench | 2 | +0.2 to -0.2 | 95 | 0.195 | OFS | OFC'12 PDP5A.1 |
| SI | 4 | +2 to +4 | 210 – 310 | | OFS | OFC'12 OTh3I.4 |
| GI+Trench | 4 | -0.3 to +0.3 | 90 - 180 | ~0.20 | OFS | OFC'13, DP5.A.1 |

Characterization of Few Mode fiber

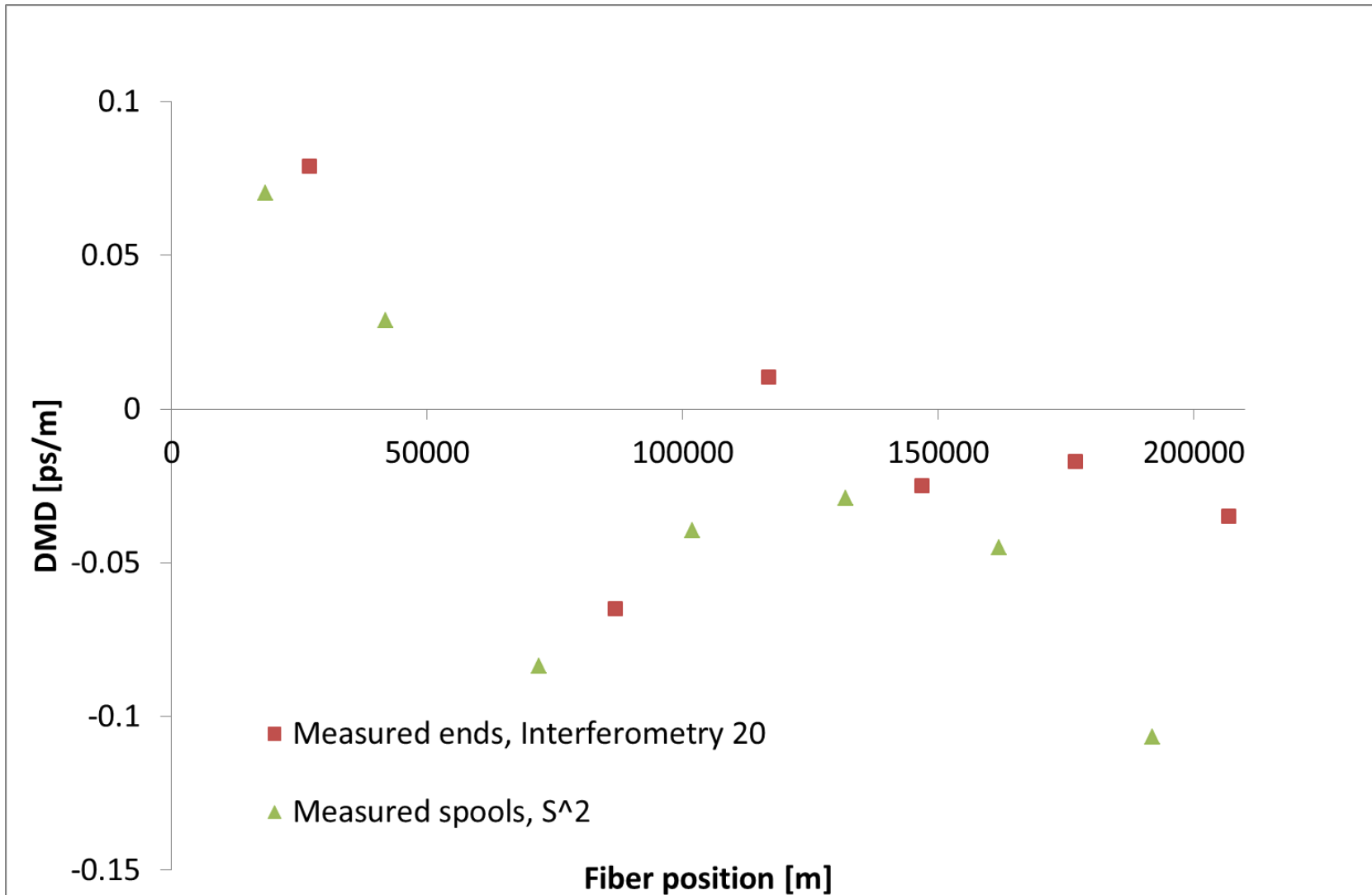


- **Mode converter and the coupling to the FUT should assure high extinction of the mode under test to other modes**
- **Coupling from the mode under test should be low to other modes in the length of fiber under test.**

Example properties OFS two mode fiber

| Property | Unit | Simulations | Measured |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| DMD between LP ₁₁ and LP ₀₁ | ps/m | | -0.1 to +0.1 |
| Distributed Mode coupling | | | -20 dB/30 km |
| Dispersion LP ₀₁ | ps/(nm·km) | 19.9 | 20.5 |
| Dispersion slope LP ₀₁ | ps/(nm ² ·km) | 0.068 | 0.067 |
| Effective area LP ₀₁ | μm ² | 162 | 163 |
| Dispersion LP ₁₁ | ps/(nm·km) | 22.1 | 22.2 |
| Dispersion slope LP ₁₁ | ps/(nm ² ·km) | 0.063 | 0.051 |
| Effective area LP ₁₁ | μm ² | 172 | |
| Attenuation LP ₀₁ | dB/km | | 0.190 |
| Attenuation LP ₁₁ | dB/km | | 0.194 |
| PMD LP ₀₁ | | | 0.03 |

Example, DMD variation along a fiber draw from a single preform



Conclusion

- **Few mode fibers supporting two or four LP modes (3 or 6 spatial modes) has been fabricated by several groups and successfully use for transmission**
- **Still possible to optimize properties**
- **Still work to do to scale up number of modes**
- **New requirements for characterization**
 - ❖ Area for future standardization work

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